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Dancing on Carpet May be Harmful to Your Health

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WTOP's Ed Thompson talks with air quality researcher Andrea Ferro.

Dirty dancing takes on new meaning if you have carpet.

Scientists, who have been collecting information on indoor air pollution to assess possible health risks, say one of the the biggest dust-makers in your home is solo dancing on a rug. Another is just walking around and sitting on furniture.

"There are components of house dust that we've already known for a long time that cause health problems," Andrea Ferro, professor of civil and environmental engineering at Clarkson University and an air quality researcher, tells WTOP.

Different toxic chemicals, such as lead, pesticides, polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) and polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) are routinely found in household dust, Ferro says.

Particles can accumulate in the respiratory system and aggravate health problems, such as allergies and asthma.

Ferro and her co-workers use particle detectors in a house in Redwood City, Calif., to measure how much the particles accumulated. After doing a variety of household activities - everything from just sitting on furniture to dancing -- and then applied a mathematical model to estimate the strength of each source.

Ferro's research is in the March 15 edition of Environmental Science & Technology, a peer-reviewed journal of the American Chemical Society.

"Leaving your shoes at the door will stop a lot of harmful chemicals from getting tracked into your home and you should think twice before covering your house in wall-to-wall carpeting," Ferro says in a news release.





Clarkson University Professor of Civil an Environmental Engineering Andrea Ferro with a MOUDITM cascade impactor, an instrument that separates and collects airborne particles in nine size ranges from 0.18 mm (micrometer) to 18 mm, which she uses in her research on indoor air pollution. Here, she checks the flow rate through the MOUDI using a Bios electronic flowmeter. Particle size is important in Ferro's research because the size of a particle affects where in the respiratory tract it will deposit. (Photo courtesy of Clarkson University)

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"Always increase ventilation when performing activities like vacuuming, dusting, frying or painting that create or resuspend pollutants. Opening doors and windows or running a fan or air conditioner will increase ventilation. As a general rule, the more ventilation, the less exposure."

Indoor air quality studies have been going on for the last 10 yeas.

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"In most cases, we find outdoor air is a good deal cleaner than indoor air."

Ferro is studying how different particles behave in an indoor environment.

"Certain particles deposit on surfaces quickly, others remain in the air for longer periods of time," Ferro says in the release. "Particles also have different residence times, that is, some remain present in the indoor air environment longer before settling and being removed by cleaning or floating out an open window. The fate of an indoor air particle depends on its size and composition and the human activity indoors."

She's looking at emission rates from different activities, such as walking and vacuuming, to determine which ones resuspend the largest concentration of particles.

While she says your household is not a toxic dump site, she says you'll want to do some research before spraying cleaning products in your house or office.

"Many pollutants don't just evaporate. If you spray chemicals to rid your house of cockroaches, the pesticide remains in the air for a certain length of time. The chemicals may then adhere to surfaces and carpets, but they may be released into the air again when you vacuum your house or simply walk across the carpet. In addition to the risk of breathing the chemicals, touching the contaminated surfaces can lead to exposure through the skin," Ferro says.

She says better labeling is needed on household products.

Ferro's advice when using sprays in your home: "When spraying aerosol products keep the nozzle close to the area of application to avoid spreading chemicals to other areas. Also avoid human and pet traffic in the area of application until you get a chance to wash down the area with soap and water."

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